Wercklé, through Mr. J. E. Van der Laat, Director, Department of Agriculture. "Fiberless cocoros. Very small, entirely coreless and fiberless. I do not know if of all the fruits the seeds are without testa, but the only one I could examine and ate was so; simply the cotyledons in a very small cavity in the center without a shell." (Wercklè.)

Citrus southwickii Wester. (Rutaceae.) 41387. from Manila, Philippine Islands. Presented by Mr. P. J. Wester, Lamao Experiment Station. "Limao. A thorny tree, with dense head and drooping branches, attaining a height of 6 meters. The limao, though rare, is not uncommon in Bohol, where it is cultivated and has also been collected by the writer in Baganga, Mindanao. The flowers appear late in April and during the early part of May, with the fruit ripening in January and February; a few fruits nearly full grown were collected in May. Has flowered irregularly from May to December. The fruit is not eaten, but used in washing by the Boholanos and is of no economic importance. The tree is evidently quite drought resistant and succeeds well in very scanty soil underlaid with limestone. The limao belongs in that group of the citrus fruits having free filaments, the most conspicuous characters being the compact growth of the crown, the dark-green, thick and distinct leaves, the almost sessile stigma, and the attractive, oblate, regular-shaped fruit with its many locules, exceeding in number those in all other citrus fruits known the writer. This species has been named in honor of Mr. E. F. Southwick. For full description see The Philippine Agricultural Review, First Quarter 1915. Fruit scarcely edible, plant may make a good stock." (Wester.)

Citrus webberii montana Wester. (Rutaceae.) 41388. Seeds of Cabugao from Manila, Philippine Islands. Presented by Mr. P. J. Wester, Lamao Experiment Station. "Fruit makes a fair 'ade. A shrubby tree with slender branches small, weak spines sometimes absent; young growth green; leaves 8.5 to 14 cm. long, 3 to 3.5 cm. broad, ovate to ovate oblong, crenate, dark green above, shining; broadly acute to rounded; apex blunt pointed, usually retuse; petiole 24 to 38 mm. long, with narrow wing margin, in large leaves sometimes 17 mm. broad; flowers not seen; fruit roundish oblate, about 45 mm. across, somewhat cor-The general character of the plant and rugate, 8 loculed. fruit indicate that the cabugao is a form of the alsem." (Wester, The Philippine Agricultural Review, First Quarter 1915.)

Diospyros kaki L. f. (Diospyraceae.) 41361 to 41371. Cuttings of persimmons from Okitsu, Japan. Presented by Professor Ishiwara, Horticultural Experiment Station.